



= YES = NO

(PLACE PATIENT LABEL HERE)

SURNAME: _____ NHI: _____

FIRST NAMES: _____

Date of Birth: ____ / ____ / ____ SEX: _____

C-SPINE TRAUMA (SUSPECTED)

Date: _____ Time: _____ Assessment nurse: _____ Sign: _____

INCLUSION CRITERIA - MUST MEET ALL

C-SPINE trauma < 48hrs and Age > 15 and

Vital signs within normal limits

EXCLUSION CRITERIA

Multi-trauma e.g chest, abd, pelvis, or long bone injuries

Penetrating neck injury

Select Treatment Pathway on Whiteboard

Enter actual time started

Data collected for Ministry of Health

STOP! Not suitable for this Best Care Bundle

Select 'BCB removed' Treatment Pathway

Inform SMO

Ambulance with lanyard
↳ Continue

Ambulance with hard collar
↳ Do not remove the collar

Walk in / self presentation
↳ Lanyard / collar as per guide below

NURSING ASSESSMENT *Aim < 30 minutes*

History, examination & vital signs *Document on nursing assessment record. Assess for other injuries.*

Concomitant head injury? → Minor Head Injury Best Care Bundle started as well Yes No

Record neck pain score /10 *Administer nurse initiated analgesia. Standing orders page 4*

Remove jewellery and other bulky clothing around the neck

Provide patient information sheet

RED FLAGS: IMMOBILISATION GUIDE *All boxes must be populated* = YES = NO

<input type="checkbox"/> Severe neck pain	<input type="checkbox"/> Midline C-spine tenderness	<input type="checkbox"/> Focal neurological deficit e.g sensory or motor deficit
<input type="checkbox"/> GCS < 15	<input type="checkbox"/> Previous C-spine surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Painful distracting injury e.g. long bone #, major torso injury

NO RED FLAGS

Continue to Imaging decision on page 2

RED FLAGS PRESENT (ANY) →

↳ Place cervical collar Philadelphia or semi-rigid collar

↳ EM Dr review ASAP (SMO / Senior Registrar) → Imaging decision guide on page 2

Dr Name: _____ Sign: _____ Time: _____

INTOXICATED PATIENTS: <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	Recommendations
<input type="checkbox"/> Cooperative & no other Red Flags → Place lanyard	Verbal deescalation
<input type="checkbox"/> Cooperative with other Red Flags → Place cervical collar	Assess risk / benefit of collar
<input type="checkbox"/> NOT cooperative → Place cervical collar if tolerated / unsure	Assess for signs of TBI
→ ED Senior review ASAP → <input type="checkbox"/> BSL: _____	Manage in position of comfort

Lanyard on all patients on this Bundle unless C-collar already applied / indicated

Lanyards located in Medication room and resus

EM Clinician to apply imaging decision rule page 2 ASAP to expedite radiology request or C-spine clearance

C-SPINE TRAUMA BEST CARE BUNDLE PATHWAY



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C-SPINE IMAGING DECISION GUIDE

This guide is designed as an inter-service agreement with Emergency Medicine, Orthopaedics and Radiology. It supports and does not replace clinical judgment. It is based on the Canadian C-spine rules. See literature summary EM CeDDS

ANY SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS?

Rheumatological disorders
i.e Rheumatoid arthritis / Ankylosing spondylitis

Previous C-spine fracture or surgery

Body habitus that precludes good plain film views *or*

CT Head indicated also *or*

Down Syndrome

YES

IMAGING INDICATED

CT recommended modality *unless very low suspicion of injury: EM senior decision*

- May have 15° head up for comfort in ED and during transport to Radiology
- Patients with lanyard can self transfer
- Patient in collars need manual inline stabilisation during transfers.
- Transit mandatory.

NO

ANY HIGH RISK FACTORS?

Age ≥ 65

Dangerous mechanism:

- Fall > 1m (does not mean fall from standing)
- Axial load to head (e.g.diving)
- RTC high speed (>100k / hr, roll over, ejection)
- Motorised recreational vehicle
- Bicycle struck or collision

Paresthesia or abnormal focal neurology in extremities

YES

IMAGING INDICATED

CT recommended modality *unless very low suspicion of injury: EM senior decision*

C-collar recommended for high risk group

- Transit mandatory
- May have 15° head up for comfort in ED and during transport to Radiology
- Manual in-line stabilisation during transfers

NO

ARE ANY ONE LOW RISK FACTOR PRESENT?

Simple rear end RTC *or *see footnote*

Ambulatory at any time *or*

Absence of midline pain *or*

Sitting position in ED *or*

Delayed onset neck pain

NO

IMAGING INDICATED

Plain films *or* CT *clinician discretion*

Place lanyard unless already collared

- Radiology will accept patients with lanyard only if on this Best Care Bundle
- Patients with lanyard can self transfer

YES

SAFE TO ASSESS CERVICAL SPINE MOBILITY

? ABLE TO ACTIVELY ROTATE NECK 45° left & right?
Note this is a test of range of motion. Some discomfort / pain is allowed and not necessarily an indication for imaging. SMO review if unsure

NO

IMAGING INDICATED

Plain films *or* CT *clinician discretion*

Significant pain on head rotation may be an indication of C1/C2 #. Consider CT

Place lanyard unless already collared

- Radiology will accept patients with lanyard only if on this Best Care Bundle
- Patients with lanyard can self transfer

YES

IMAGING NOT INDICATED

- Manage other issues appropriately
- Discharge if patient able to mobilise safely and other discharge criteria page 3 met
- MDT / Physio review if any concerns

*** Simple rear end RTC excludes:**

- Pushed into oncoming traffic
- Hit by bus or large truck
- Rollover
- Hit by high speed vehicle

= YES = NO

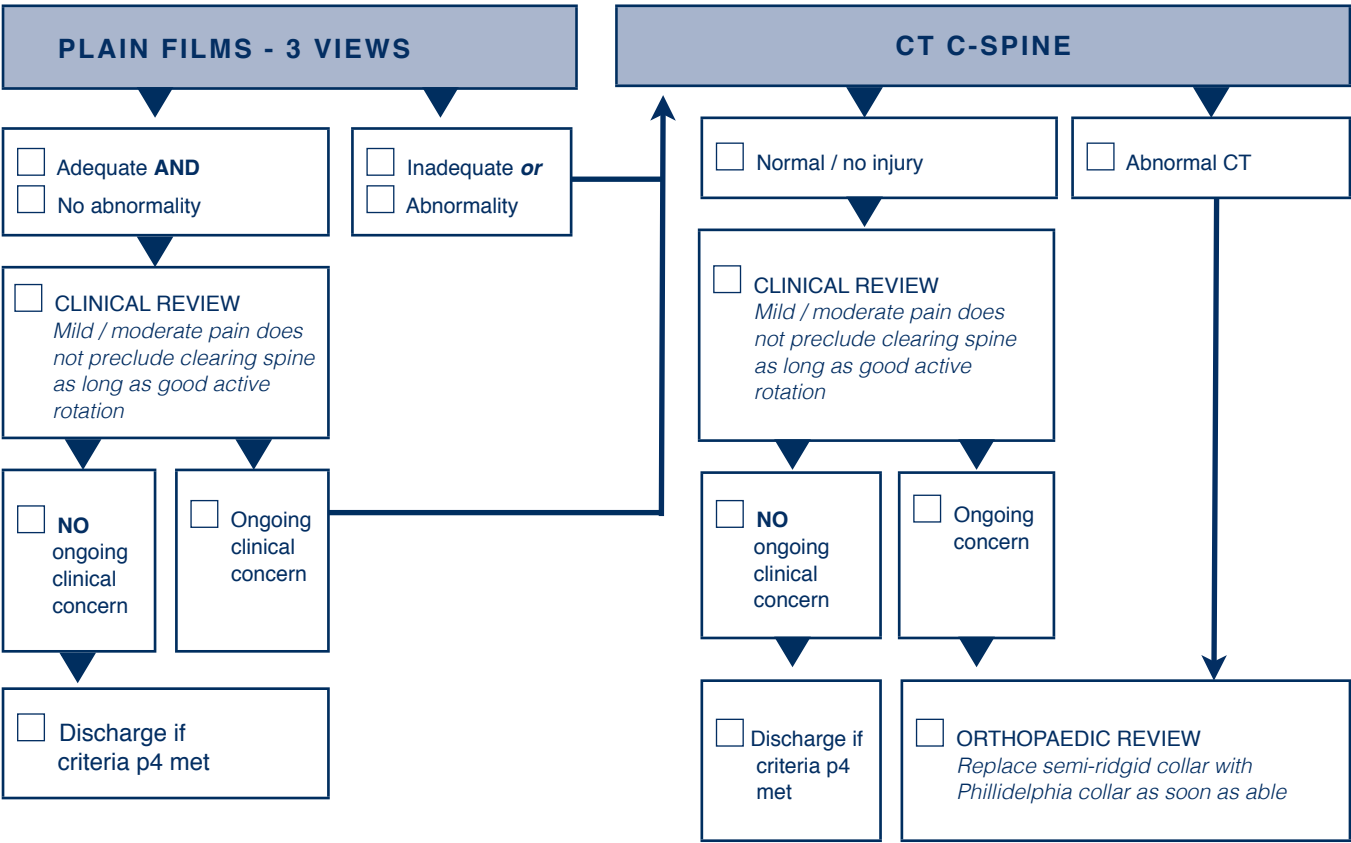
(PLACE PATIENT LABEL HERE)

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IMAGING GUIDE / FLOWCHART



PATIENT POSITIONING AND TRANSIT GUIDE

- All patients in lanyards and collars may be 15 ° head up for comfort while in ED and during transit
- Transit is mandatory for all patients in collars (use discretion for patients in lanyards)
- Patients in Lanyards may self transfer in Radiology as long s they keep their nose and toes in line
- Patients in collars need to be laid flat before transfer in Radiology. Log roll for transfer.

INDICATIONS AND PROCESS FOR MRI

<input type="checkbox"/> Normal imaging but ongoing neurologic deficit. <input type="checkbox"/> Ongoing severe pain despite normal imaging	All MRI requests to be discussed with the on call Orthopaedic team. Case by case discussion will determine timing (inpatient vs outpatient) Orthopaedic team responsible for making the actual request.
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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Literature summary	EM CeDDS
St John	Clinical procedures and guideline - comprehensive edition 2016-2018 p177 - 183
C-spine rules	Stiell IG, Clement CM, McKnight RD, Brison R, Schull MJ, Rowe BH, et al. The Canadian C-spine rule versus the NEXUS low-risk criteria in patients with trauma. N Engl J Med. 2003 Dec 25. 349(26):2510-8. [Medline] .



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FORMULARY / MEDICATION OPTIONS

CHECK ALLERGY STATUS AND SEE MEDSAFE OR OTHER TEXT FOR FULL LIST OF CONTRAINDICATIONS**
ALL MEDICATIONS MUST BE CHARTED ON THE NATIONAL MEDICATION CHART

ANALGESIA FOR USE IN HOSPITAL AND ON DISCHARGE

Note: Please prescribe regular and PRN dosing, especially on discharge

Medication	Dose	Route	Freq	Notes
Paracetamol	1 g	Oral	Q 4-6 hourly	Standing order. Max 4g/24 hrs
Ibuprofen	400 mg	Oral	Q 6-8 hourly	Standing order Up to 400 mg TDS. (Max 1200 mg/day) Ensure normal eGFR (> 60 ml /1.73 m2)
Codeine phosphate	30 - 60 mg	Oral	Q 6 hourly	Standing order. Max 240 mg / day Constipating. Consider laxative or stool softeners
Morphine	5 mg (max)	IV	SLOW push	Standing order. < 50 kg = 0.1 mg/kg IV > 50 kg = 5 mg
Diclofenac SR	75 mg	Oral	Twice daily	Ensure normal eGFR (>60 ml/1.73 m2) Max 150 mg daily. Consider Omeprazole 20 mg PO daily. GI upset common
Ondansetron	4 - 8 mg	Oral / IV	Q 8 hourly	First 4mg is a standing order

DISCHARGE CRITERIA **MUST MEET ALL**

- Senior doctor agrees with discharge plan
Dr: _____
- Able to mobilise *even with some residual pain*
- No other injuries that require admission
- Supportive social situation / time of day
Consider OBS overnight
- Minor, stable, or injury not requiring surgical
intervention *after discussion with ortho*

ADMISSION CRITERIA / REFER ORTHO

- Focal neurological deficit
- Significant CT or XR abnormality
some stable fractures can be managed as outpatient
- Senior clinician discretion Dr: _____
Reason: _____

DISCHARGE CHECK LIST

- All other injuries addressed - in particular Minor HI
*Patients often have comcomittant Minor Head injury
Refer to Minor Head Injury Best Care Bundle for
guidance and Westmead score*
- Prescription for home analgesia *formulary above*
- Patient information leaflet
Bundle pack, EM CeDSS site, BCB page
- Medical certificate for 3 days if applicable
- ACC form signed

FOLLOW UP - *please document this in the EDS*

- GP follow up as needed
*See BCB proforma link from the EDS - it is pre-
populated with physiotherapy and other useful patient
advice*
- Physiotherapy
*See EM CeDDS for summary page with numbers and
cost of physiotherapy providers*